

FilmTec[™] NF270-400 Element Helps National Park Service Improve Water Quality

The Challenge

From the Denver Service of the National Park Service

- Raw Water: 570 ppm TDS and conductivitity of 880 µmho/cm
- Treatment Goals:
 - Rejection of TDS, Sulfates and Hardness to meet EPA Secondary standards
 - High rejection of organic carbon to meet EPA standards
 - Moderate removal of Calcium and Low Removal of Alkalinity (HCO₃-) to maintain corrosion protection and taste (at least 400 μmho/cm in the permeate)
- · Other Objectives:
 - Retain desired hardness without excessive blending of Microfiltration and Nanofiltration permeate
 - Maximize energy efficiency for lowest operating expense

The System

- Microfiltration: USFilter's MEMCOR® CMF
- Nanofiltration: 2 x 2 x 1 Array of 8-inch, 4-element vessels
- 100,000 gpd (380 m³/d) of potable water
- Design: Denver Service Center, National Park Service

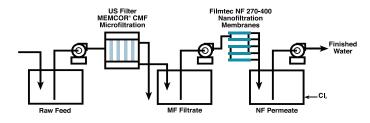
The Results

- Selective rejection
- Increased mineral passage
- Eliminated the need for blending
- Achieved high rejection of TOC
- Improved energy efficiency
- · High productivity at low pressure

FilmTec[™] NF270-400 Element selected for future installations at Lake Mead.



Overton Beach Marina, Overton, Nevada



Water Quality Results

DISSOLVED COMPONENT	FEED (ppm)	PERMEATE (ppm)	REJECTION (%)
Total Dissolved Solids	573	250	56
Alkalinity (HCO ₃ -)	134	97	28
Ca++	5.4	14	74
Total Organic Carbon	3.6	0.2	94

The conductivity of the combined permeate was 403 $\mu mho/cm$ after one day of operation and 416 $\mu mho/cm$ after 3 weeks

Operational Savings

OPERATING PARAMETER	VALUE	
Net Feed Pressure	50 psi (3.4 bar)	
Concentrate Pressure	25 psi (1.7 bar)	
Average Flux	14.0 gfd (23.8 lmh)	
Recovery	80.0%	
Temperature	78 °F (25.6 °C)	

Three weeks after startup, the system produced up to 100,000 gpd (380 $\,$ m³/d) at a feed pressure of just 50 psi (3.4 bar).

